



EPIDENDRUM CRENULIDIFORME L. Sánchez & Hágster  
THE GENUS EPIDENDRUM PART 3

Plate 429  
ICONES ORCHIDACEARUM 4. 2001

**EPIDENDRUM CRENULIDIIFORME** L. Sánchez et Hágster, sp. nov.

Type: DOMINICAN REPUBLIC: Prope Constanza, 1200 m, Jun. 1910, *H. von Tuerckheim* 3379.  
Holotype: G! (illustration voucher). Isotypes: AMES! M! NY!

*Epidendro floridensi* Hágster similare sed habitu minore, floribus 3 vel 4 albo-viridulis, petalis anguste elliptico-oblongis, labello reniformi ad marginem crenulato recedit.

**Hierba epífita**, caespitosa, 17 cm de alto incluyendo la inflorescencia. Raíces basales, carnosas, 0.5-1 mm de grosor. Tallos sencillos, tipo caña, teretes, 9.5-12.5 x 0.2-0.35 cm. Hojas 5-6, equidistantes a lo largo del tallo, erectas; vaina tubular, lisa, 1.5-2.5 cm de largo; lámina angostamente lanceolada, ápice asimétricamente bilobado, margen entero, coriácea, sin carina dorsal, color verde, 2.5-6.0 x 0.8-1 cm. Inflorescencia apical en el tallo maduro, florece una sola vez, subumbelada, sésil. Brácteas florales más cortas que el ovario, triangulares, acuminadas, 6-11 x 1.5-1.7 mm. Flores 3-4, simultáneas, resupinadas, color blanco verdoso, sin datos de fragancia. Ovario no inflado, terete, no ornamentado, 30-40 x 0.7-1.0 mm. Sépalos extendidos, libres, glabros, subcoriáceos, elípticos, agudos, margen entero, ligeramente revolutos, 13-13.5 x 3-3.5 mm; el dorsal 3-nervado, los laterales ligeramente oblicuos, 5-nervados. Pétalos entreabiertos, membranáceos, angostamente elíptico oblongos, obtusos, margen entero, extendido, 3-nervados, 13-13.5 x 1.2-1.5 mm. Labelo unido a la columna, entero, reniforme, base cordada, margen crenulado, 8-11 x 13-16 mm; bicalloso, los callos subglobosos. Columna ligeramente arqueada, gruesa, 6-7.5 x 1.0-1.2 mm. Clinandrio prominente, margen dentado eroso. Antera subreniforme, no ornamentada, 4-locular. Polinios 4, subglobosos, lateralmente comprimidos, subiguales; caudículas suaves y granulosas, ligeramente más cortas que los polinios. Rostelo apical, hendido. Lóbulos laterales del estigma cortos, de un tercio de la cavidad estigmática. Nectario penetrando 1/5 del ovario, no ornamentado. Cápsula no vista.

Epiphytic, caespitose herb. Stems terete. Leaves 5-6, erect, narrowly lanceolate, bilobed, margin entire, coriaceous. Inflorescence apical, subumbellate, sessile. Floral bracts smaller than the ovary, triangular, acuminate. Flowers 3-4, simultaneous, resupinate, greenish-white. Ovary not inflated, terete, unornamented. Sepals spreading, free, glabrous, subcoriaceous, elliptic, acute, margin entire, slightly revolute; the dorsal 3-veined; the laterals slightly oblique, 5-veined. Petals spreading, membranaceous, narrowly elliptic-oblong, obtuse, margin entire. Lip united to the column, entire, reniform, base cordate, margin crenulate; bicallose, the calli subglobose. Column slightly arcuate. Clinandrium prominent, dente-erose. Anther subreniform, unornamented, 4-locular. Pollinia 4, subglobose, laterally compressed. Rostellum apical, slit. Nectary penetrating one fifth of the ovary, unornamented.

**OTHER SPECIMENS:** None seen.

**DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGY:** Known only from Dominican Republic in the Cordillera Central. Epiphyte, 1200 m altitude. Flowering in June.

**RECOGNITION:** *Epidendrum crenulidiforme* belongs to the diforme group, and can be recognized by the terete stems, 3-4 flowers, narrowly elliptic-oblong petals, entire lip with crenulate margin, prominent clinandrium. It is similar to *E. floridense* Hágster from Florida and widespread in Cuba and Haiti, which has larger plants with many flowers, oblanceolate petals, cordate lip with the margin entire. Other species from the Caribbean Islands include *Epidendrum umbellatum* Sw., widespread from south-eastern Cuba to Trinidad and Tobago has large, vigorous plants, laterally compressed stems, narrowly obovate petals and three-lobed lip. *Epidendrum orientale* Hágster & M.A. Díaz from south-eastern Cuba and Jamaica has short compact plants, bilobed lip with the lobes subovate and sometimes notched at the margin, giving the impression of a 4-lobed lip, and wide, divergent calli. *Epidendrum boricarum* Hágster & L. Sánchez from Cordillera Central of Puerto Rico and the Dominican Republic, has larger plants, laterally compressed stems, three-lobed, emarginate lip with small drops of nectar, and an arcuate column. *Epidendrum difforme* Jacq., widespread in the Lesser Antilles, has strongly laterally compressed, apiculate stems, and a 3-lobed lip.

**CONSERVATION STATUS:** DD. Data deficient.

**ETYMOLOGY:** The name *crenulidiforme* refers to the latin "crenulatus" in reference to the crenulate lip and the diforme group to which it belongs.

